

## FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

### Product Description

LifeNet Health's primary human liver endothelial cells are isolated from donated human tissue, resulting from the generous gift of an individual or their family. The cells are isolated using a refined cell isolation technique resulting in high-quality cells suitable for a wide range of research applications.

### Indications for Use

LifeNet Health's primary human liver endothelial cells are for research use only. The cells are not intended for human use, for any *in vitro* diagnostic procedures, or for therapeutic procedures. Transfer or resale of any LifeNet Health cells or products is prohibited without the written consent of LifeNet Health.

### Warnings and Precautions

Observe universal precautions when handling human-derived tissues and cells as they are potentially biohazardous. Refer to the guidelines set forth in Occupational Safety and Health Standards for handling blood, tissues, body fluids, or other potentially infectious materials. Follow institutional guidelines for the collection and disposal of all solid and liquid waste that has been in contact with these products.

### Donor Screening and Testing

The tissue was deemed suitable for research use by LifeNet Health. A physician medical director evaluated the following donor variables to determine donor suitability: infectious disease test results, current donor medical history, behavioral risk assessment interview, physical assessment, relevant medical records, including previous medical history, laboratory test results, and autopsy or coroner reports (if performed).

All donors are tested for relevant infectious diseases. Testing is performed by laboratories that are registered with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA). Test methods that are FDA-licensed, approved, or cleared for donor screening are used as available. The following test criteria were met for the donor of these cells:

Infectious Disease Testing	
Test	Acceptance Criteria
HBcAb: Hepatitis B Total Core Antibody	Negative/Non-Reactive
HBsAg: Hepatitis B Surface Antigen	Negative/Non-Reactive
HBV NAT: Hepatitis B Virus Nucleic Acid Test*	Negative/Non-Reactive
HCV NAT: Hepatitis C Virus Nucleic Acid Test	Negative/Non-Reactive
HCVAb: Hepatitis C Antibody	Negative/Non-Reactive
HIV-1 NAT: Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 Nucleic Acid Test	Negative/Non-Reactive
HIV 1/2 Ab: Human Immunodeficiency Virus Types 1/2 Antibody	Negative/Non-Reactive
RPR/STS or Equivalent: Syphilis	Confirmatory Negative/Non-Reactive

\*Not performed on donors recovered prior to December 16, 2016.

### Storage Requirements

The distributor, intermediary and/or end-user is responsible for storing these cells under appropriate conditions prior to further distribution or use. LifeNet Health ships frozen cells in the vapor phase of liquid nitrogen (-135°C to -190°C). On receipt, immediately transfer frozen cells to storage in the vapor phase of liquid nitrogen (-135°C to -190°C) until ready for experimental use.

### Final Product Testing

Each LifeNet Health primary human liver endothelial cell lot is fully characterized to determine post-thaw results including cell viability and yield, morphological integrity, and population doubling rate. Cell purity is determined by positive expression of standard cell markers as detected by flow cytometry. Each cell culture is tested and determined negative for bacteria, yeast, fungi, and mycoplasma. A Certificate of Analysis (CoA) is available for each lot and includes comprehensive donor history, histological images with pathology results, characterization data, and respective cell culture images.

### Complaints and Returns

For further information or returns or to report a complaint, please contact your authorized distributor or LifeNet Health Client Services (available 24 hours a day) at 1-888-847-7831 (inside the U.S.) or 00+1-757-464-4761 ext. 2000 (outside the U.S.) and have the product code and lot number available (see CoA).

# Human Liver Endothelial Cell Protocols

It is important to read and understand the following instructions prior to use. Improper handling may adversely affect cell quality and performance.

## Recommended Supplies and Reagents

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<b>Complete Media:</b>	Lonza EBM-2 (cat. # CC-3156) + Lonza EGM-2 singlequots (cat. # CC-4176)
<b>Wash Buffer/PBS:</b>	Corning/Mediatech #21-040-CM w/o Calcium & Magnesium
<b>Detachment:</b>	Trypsin (0.25%)/EDTA(2.21mM) in HBSS: Corning/Mediatech #25-053-CL
<b>Cryopreservation Media:</b>	90% FBS (Gemini Biologicals cat. # 100-106) + 10% DMSO (Sigma cat. # D2650)
<b>Culture Vessels:</b>	Corning Biocoat collagen type 1 coated 100 mm dishes (Corning cat # 354450)
<b>Freezing Container:</b>	Nalgene "Mr. Frosty" #5100-0001

## Thawing Procedure

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(Per single vial containing est.  $2.0 \times 10^6$  cells/vial)

1. Warm Complete Media in 37°C water bath; clean exterior of bottle w/ 70% ethanol before use
2. In Biological Safety Cabinet (BSC): Aliquot 9 mL of warmed Complete Media into sterile 15 mL centrifuge tube
3. Hold cryovial(s) in a 37°C water bath to thaw without submerging the cap in water (hold until only a sliver of ice remains, approximately 2-3 minutes)
4. Remove from water bath and clean exterior of vial(s) with 70% ethanol before placing into BSC
5. In BSC: Transfer entire contents of cryovial(s) into the 15 mL tube, containing 5 mL of warm Complete Media, using a 1 mL sterile pipet
6. In BSC: Remove 1 mL of the cell suspension from the 15 mL tube and use it to rinse the cryovial(s) to capture residual cells; return the 1 mL rinse to the 15 mL tube
7. In BSC: Gently pipette the cell suspension up and down one or two times and recap the 15 mL tube

## Centrifuge Procedure

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1. Centrifuge cells at 500 x g for 5 minutes at room temperature
2. In BSC: Gently aspirate supernatant, then re-suspend pellet in 8 mL of fresh Complete Media

## Plating Procedure

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1. Determine viable cells using lab standard methods and procedures
2. In BSC: Pre-fill culture vessels with 5 mL of complete media
3. In BSC: Dispense cells at a seeding density of 4,000-5,000 cells/cm<sup>2</sup>, or ~230,000 cells per 100 mm plate and immediately swirl gently to distribute
4. In BSC: Bring volume to 10 mL total in each culture vessel with warmed Complete Media
5. Place culture vessels in humidified 37°C incubator @ 5% CO<sub>2</sub>

## Cell Culture Maintenance Procedure

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1. In BSC: Aspirate and replace culture media every 2-3 days using 10 mL of fresh warmed Complete Media per 100 mm dish
2. Continue this schedule until cells reach >85% confluence, at which point they should be detached from the culture dish and passaged or cryopreserved.

## Cell Detachment & Passage Procedure

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1. Warm Complete Media and Trypsin/EDTA in 37°C water bath
2. In BSC: Aspirate media from culture vessels and wash each vessel 2x with PBS (Recommended at least 3 mL PBS per 100 mm culture vessel)
3. In BSC: Add 0.05 mL/cm<sup>2</sup> Trypsin/EDTA (3 mL per 100mm vessel) and rock gently to uniform coverage
4. Incubate in humidified incubator (37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>) for 2-5 minutes with gentle agitation approximately every 2 minutes, checking frequently for detachment; when cells begin to detach remove all culture vessels from the incubator and place in BSC
5. In BSC: Using a sterile pipet and the trypsin already in the vessels, rinse the culture vessels several times to remove the remaining attached cells; the use of cell scrapers or jarring agitation of culture vessels is not recommended
6. In BSC: Add 0.091 mL/cm<sup>2</sup> of Complete Media to quench trypsin (5 mL per 100 mm dish)
7. In BSC: Collect cell suspensions into sterile 50 mL conical tube(s) and place on ice
8. In BSC: Add another 0.091 mL/cm<sup>2</sup> of Complete Media to each dish to collect any remaining cells; add it to the 50 mL conical tubes
9. Centrifuge at 500 x g for 5 minutes
10. In BSC: Aspirate supernatant from tube(s) and resuspend the pellet(s) in 5-10 mL Complete Media and combine into one 50 mL conical tube
11. Obtain cell counts & assess viability using an appropriate method
12. In BSC: Dispense cells at a seeding density of 4,000-5,000 cells/cm<sup>2</sup>, or ~230,000 cells per 100 mm plate and swirl gently to distribute
13. In BSC: Add sufficient warmed Complete Media to reach total culture vessel volume
14. Place culture vessels in humidified incubator (37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>)

## Cryopreservation Procedure

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1. Place Cryopreservation Media (90% FBS + 10% DMSO) and estimated number of cryovials on ice to chill
2. Follow steps 1-8 of the Cell Detachment & Passage procedure
3. Centrifuge harvested cell suspension(s) at 500 x g for 5 minutes
4. In BSC: Aspirate supernatant from tube(s) and resuspend the pellet(s) in an appropriate volume of room temperature Complete Media
5. Obtain cell counts & assess viability using an appropriate method
6. Centrifuge at 500 x g for 5 minutes
7. In BSC: Aspirate supernatant and place tube with cell pellet on ice
8. In BSC: Resuspend cells at a desired concentration but no less than 1 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells/mL in ice-cold Cryopreservation Media
9. Aliquot cells into pre-chilled 1 mL cryovials @ 1 mL/vial
10. Transfer vials to a Mr. Frosty freezing container and place in a -80°C freezer overnight and relocate to liquid nitrogen storage at 24 hours